

67th YEAR.

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RICHMOND, VA., WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1917.

Pictorial
Section

SIXTEEN PAGES.

WEATHER
PAGE 5

—CLEAR

PRICE, TWO CENTS

MEANS CONSENTS
TO BE BOUND OVER
TO OCTOBER TERMWaives Examination in
Midst of His Prelimi-
nary Hearing.MAGISTRATE ORDERS HIM
HELD WITHOUT BAILHis Counsel Fear Attempts to
Take Him to New York on
Extradition Warrants.

FIGHT FOR SEIZED DOCUMENTS

Prisoner Wants Unsettled Murder
Charge Disposed Of Before Fac-
ing Other Accusations.Additional Arrests
Probable in Case

[By Associated Press.]
SALISBURY, N. C., September 25.—
Assistant District Attorney John
Dooling, of New York, announced
here to-night that additional ar-
rests "probably will be made" in
connection with the case arising
from the death of Mrs. Maude A.
King.

Mr. Dooling came here to-night
with Solicitor Clement and At-
torney-General Manning from Concord,
where Gaston Means to-day was
bound over to the grand jury,
charged with the murder of Mrs.
Maude A. King. Mr. Dooling made
his statement after he had been in
conference with the two New York
Caroline officials. Two New York
Caroline officials also came to Salisbury
with the party. Mr. Dooling said
he might leave for New York late
to-morrow.

[By Associated Press.]
CONCORD, N. C., September 25.—
Gaston B. Means waived examination
in the midst of his preliminary hearing
before a magistrate here late to-day,
and consented to be bound over to the
October term of the Cabarrus County
grand jury on a charge of having mur-
dered Mrs. Maude A. King, of New
York and Chicago. Magistrate Pitts
ordered him held without bail.

Counsel for Means stated at the
hearing that they had been informed
that Means had been made that New
York officials here had brought extra-
dition warrants to take the defendant
back to New York on "some undis-
closed criminal charge," and that they
felt "he would be safer in the custody
of the sheriff of this county." It also
was announced that Means did not de-
sire to run the chance of facing any
charges elsewhere with an unsettled
murder charge against him in North
Carolina. This charge, his counsel
contended, would be cleared away at
the trial.

The agreement came after counsel
for Means had made an unsuccessful
attempt to get possession of papers
and documents seized by District At-
torney Swann's representatives in
Means's New York apartment, and was
accompanied by a lengthy explanation
by the defendant of his reasons for
abruptly ending his fight in the magis-
trate's court.

MRS. MELVIN JOINS

IN OBTAINING WRIT

Mrs. Mary C. Melvin, sister of the
woman Means is alleged to have killed,
joined him in obtaining a writ from
Circuit Judge Webb at Gastonia order-
ing Assistant District Attorney Dooling,
of New York, and other New York
and Chicago officials who came here
with Dooling to aid the prosecution,
to turn over the documents.

"We will keep the documents un-
less ordered by the court after the
hearing to give them up."

Among the documents mentioned in
the order was the alleged second will
of the late J. C. King, of Chicago,
which, if finally held legal, would give
to the estate of Mrs. Maude A. King
approximately \$2,000,000 more than the
wife got when her husband died. Mrs.
Melvin, whose name was attached to
the order as Mrs. Mary C. Melvin, be-
lieves, according to the order, that C.
E. Ambrose, a Federal Department of
Justice agent who came here for the
hearing and was one of those named
in the order, "is an agent of the
Northern Trust Company of Chicago,
and is vitally interested in preventing
the will being probated." The trust
company holds the \$2,000,000 in trust
for a charitable organization.

AMBROSE NOT WORRIED

BY WHAT THEY SAY

"I don't worry about what they be-
lieve I am," said Ambrose, when asked
about the allegation. "I have papers
showing what I am."

Means alleged in the order for the
papers and documents that they were
necessary for defense of his case, and
stated that none of them had been in-
troduced by the prosecution in the pre-
liminary hearing. His counsel in court
said they had been unable to get per-
mission to copy the papers, while Soli-
citor Clement replied that he had been
unable to get from the de-
fense certain documents and evidence
wanted.

"The defendant comes into court and
waives examination and the finding
of probable cause for the reasons
(Continued on Page Four.)

British Casualties
for Week, 23,035

[By Associated Press.]
LONDON, September 25.—Total
casualties of British ranks in
all the war theaters for the week
ending to-day are reported officially
to have been 23,035. The casualty
lists are subdivided as follows:
Officers killed or died of wounds,
103.
Men killed or died of wounds,
4,430.
Officers wounded or missing, 432.
Men wounded or missing, 18,070.

For the week ending September
18 British army casualties amounted
to 27,064. The report for the pre-
sent week includes the operations in
Flanders last Thursday, when the
British made a considerable ad-
vance, while in the previous week
there was no marked infantry activi-
ty on any British front.

RIFLES ARE ISSUED
TO CAMP LEE TROOPSKrag Type Being Used for Training,
but Fighting Will Be Done
With Springfields.

ALTER PLANS FOR NEXT CALL

Only 20 Per Cent Will Be Sum-
moned as Third Quota—No Ne-
groes Included—Cantonment Popu-
lation Now 20,850.

[From a Staff Correspondent.]

CAMP LEE, VA., September 25.—The
second step in the military instruction
of the National Army men of the
Eighteenth Division who are under
training at Camp Lee was prepared
for to-night when the division quar-
termaster issued rifles to the infantry
command in the cantonment. These
arms will be used for training only,
and are of the Krag type. When the
troops are sent abroad they will be
supplied with the Springfield rifles. It
was stated.

Machine guns and artillery pieces
which will be used for training the
men assigned to those branches will
be received at the camp in a short
time, when they will be issued. In
no case will the ordinance be sufficient
to furnish each infantryman with a
rifle, or the machine-gun companies
or artillery batteries with full equip-
ment. Just enough will be distributed
as will enable each command to receive
needed preliminary instruction in the
handling of arms and field pieces.

Up to this time the training has
been without arms, the drills being
confined to the rudiments of military
practices. Such rapid progress has
been made with this that it was de-
cided to take up training with arms
at once. Beginning to-morrow morn-
ing, the infantry regiments will be
seen on the parade grounds for the
first time going through their paces
with rifles. From now on the instruc-
tion of the men will be pushed vigor-
ously.

WILL ISSUE UNIFORMS

ON THURSDAY MORNING

It was also announced to-day that
on Thursday morning clothing will
be issued to the men, and within a few
days all of them will be completely
uniformed. The work of getting the
men into the regulation army dress
will be carried through on exactly the
same line as that of the first 5
per cent quota, and will be accom-
plished in comparatively a short
time. The quartermaster has ample
clothing for all of the men, and except
in cases where a man is difficult to fit,
there will be no delays in giving each
man his complete supply.

A few stragglers from Virginia and
West Virginia put in their appear-
ance to-day, but the bulk of the sev-
eral hundred men who are yet due
have not as yet been heard from. Even
Hopewell, which is the nearest point
to the camp from which men are due,
has not sent in its complete quota. It
is believed that the remainder of the
men will arrive at the camp in broken
numbers, and it will be several days
before all of them reach here.

Colonel W. H. Drayton, the chief of staff,
announced this afternoon that he had
been notified that only 20 per cent of
the selected men will be started to the
camp on October 3. It was originally
stated that 40 per cent would be got-
ten under way at that time, but this
has recently been changed. There is
no intimation when the fourth quota
will be ordered to report. In the 20
per cent to be received next month,
none of them will be negroes.

PLANS ARE ADOPTED

FOR HOSTESS'S HOUSE

Plans were adopted to-day by the
camp administration for the Hostess's
House, which will be erected here for
the wives, mothers and sweethearts of
the enlisted men who come to visit
them. The building is being provided
by the Young Women's Christian As-
sociation, and has been assigned a lo-
cation near the big auditorium of the
Young Men's Christian Association,
which is now under construction. The
Knights of Columbus building is also
being erected rapidly, and will be
ready for occupancy in a short time.
Within a few weeks the recreational
features of the camp will be in full
swing.

The Hostess's House will be used as
a meeting place for the men and their
relatives and friends, and will have
every convenience for the comfort of
the visitors. The building will be
equipped with a large tea room, a
lounge room, reading and writing
rooms, and will be enclosed by a broad
porch. Representatives of the Y. W.
C. A. will be in charge.

Each regiment in the cantonment is
supplied with a Y. J. C. A. building.
(Continued on Seventh Page.)

STRIKE SITUATION
IN NORFOLK TENSENavy-Yard Activities Entirely
Suspended in Several Depart-
ments, and 4,100 Men Out.

MACHINISTS MAY QUIT WORK

Mass-Meeting of All Crafts To-
Night—All Leaders Main-
tain Absolute Silence.

[By Associated Press.]

NORFOLK, VA., September 25.—
With 4,100 men, representing a score
of crafts, out, after having declined
to accept the new wage scale pro-
mulgated by the National Wage Com-
mission, posted last Saturday, and
with work greatly impeded or entirely
suspended in several departments, the
tense situation at the Norfolk Navy-
Yard continued to-day.

Labor leaders are confident that the
men will stand firm, and that the trou-
ble will spread unless their demands
are met. Navy officials, while less
communicative to-night, hope that mat-
ters will be quickly adjusted and that
the men will at once return to work.
Yard officials and government agents
are in close touch with Washington
as they negotiate with union leaders
in the hope of reaching an agreement.
As yet none of the mediators said to
have been named in Washington have
arrived on the scene.

MEDIATORS MAY ATTEND

MASS-MEETING TO-NIGHT

Several meetings were held to-night
by the various unions, and later leaders
of the striking men were in confer-
ence. But all declined to give out
statements. No further announcement
as to the position of the men has been
issued, but leaders declare the small
army of machinists at the yard are
certain to walk out within the next
twenty-four hours unless the alleged
injustices in the wage scale as pro-
mulgated are corrected. A general
meeting of all crafts has been called
for to-morrow night in Norfolk. It
is expected that the mediators will
be present and ask for a hearing.

In response to an inquiry relative
to the status of a number of men, ex-
empted from army service under the
selective draft because of being gov-
ernment employees at the navy-yard,
the following reply was to-night made
by Provost-Marshal-General Crowder's
department at Washington:

"If men were exempted on the ground
that they were doing necessary work
and have ceased to do this work, their
exemption automatically ceases."

BIG STRIKE IN SEATTLE

ORDERED FOR SATURDAY

[By Associated Press.]
SEATTLE, September 25.—A strike
at 10 o'clock Saturday morning of 22,
000 members of the fifteen metal trades
unions employed in Seattle shipyards
and allied contract shops was ordered
to-day by the Seattle Metal Trades
Council, the central organization of the
fifteen unions. The strike call, it
was said, is the result of the insistent
demand of the rank and file of the
shipyard workers for a "show-down"
on the long-pending wage increase
controversy.

As near as can be estimated, three
big steel-ship yards, about sixteen
wooden-ship yards and forty contract
shops will be affected by the strike.
The Skinner & Eddy plant, having
granted the wage increases, will not
be affected. Three wooden-ship yards
and six or more contract shops also
have signed the new wage agreement.
Receipt yesterday of telegrams from
President Wilson and Samuel Gompers,
president of the American Federation
of Labor, urging that no precipitate
action be taken, gave some hope that
a walk-out might be averted, but this
vanished when press dispatches an-
nounced that the President was plan-
ning to have the Seattle wage con-
troversy settled by the wage adjust-
ment committee of the United States
Shipping Board, in connection with
similar controversies in other Pacific
coast cities.

These dispatches precipitated the
calling of the general strike. The
council's board of business agents took
the position that the government had
hopelessly misunderstood the Seattle
situation in attempting to link it with
the situations in San Francisco and
Portland, and that further attempts to
postpone the walk-out would be use-
less.

Though about the same demands
have been made in all three cities, the
metal tradesmen explained, the Seattle
case differed from that in San Fran-
cisco in that the workers had not gone
on strike, but had continued at work
pending negotiations with their em-
ployers under an agreement that the
wage increases granted should be re-
troactive to August 1.

NAVY DENIES REPORT

Story of Sinking of Five Merchant

Ships and Two Convoying Ves-

sels Without Foundation.

[By Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, September 25.—Of-
ficial denial was issued to-night by the
Navy Department of a published report
that five merchant ships and two con-
voying vessels had been sunk by sub-
marines. Secretary Daniels has prom-
ised that casualties will not be with-
held from the public.

The department's statement, issued
through the public information com-
mittee, follows:

"Within the past few days a report
that five merchant ships and two con-
voying vessels were sunk in a battle
with submarines has received wide cir-
culation in the press. The Navy De-
partment authorizes the statement that
this story is entirely without founda-
tion."

SECOND NIGHT RAID
BY AIR ON ENGLANDFollowing Monday's Visit, Ger-
mans Again Attempt to
Reach London.

BUT STOPPED ON OUTSKIRTS

Score of Casualties Reported to
Have Been Caused by Few
Bombs Dropped.

[By Associated Press.]

For the second night in succession
German airmen have raided the south-
eastern section of England and reached
London.

Tuesday night's visitation apparently
was staged earlier than the one on
Monday, but the Germans did not suc-
ceed in penetrating to the heart of the
city, being stopped on the outskirts
by the defensive forces. A score of
casualties are reported to have been
caused by the few bombs which the
Germans were able to drop. Latest
reports on the raid of Monday night
show fifteen dead and seventy injured.

The German airplanes Tuesday night
followed the same course as the raid-
ers of Monday night, attempting to ap-
proach London through Kent and Es-
sex, and up the course of the Thames.
Little property damage was done Mon-
day night, British airmen and the anti-
aircraft guns of London's defenses
making it too hot for the Germans to
stay long. The airship raid of Mon-
day night on the Yorkshire and Lin-
colnshire coasts had little success. The
Zeppelins did not penetrate far inland,
and bombs dropped at a coast town
caused injuries to three women.

HOSTILE AIRMEN FAIL

TO REACH LONDON

[By Associated Press.]

LONDON, September 25.—Another
hostile airplane raid on London took
place to-night. There were two at-
tacks apparently, for after a forty-
minute quiet interval, anti-aircraft guns
resumed firing in the London district.

In the first attack, after brief firing
by the defensive guns, lasting only ten
minutes, the raiders were driven off
without succeeding in reaching the city
of London.

The firing of the anti-aircraft guns
in the second attack was of only brief
duration. The raiders were finally
driven off, and the police gave out the
"all clear" signal at 9:30 o'clock. A
report of the raid was issued by Field
Marshal French as follows:

"The Thames estuary was again the
object of a hostile air raid this evening.
The Kent and Essex coasts were
crossed at various points and a few
bombs were dropped, but no casualties
as yet reported."

"One raider penetrated as far as the
southeastern outskirts of London,
where two bombs fell, causing some
twenty casualties."

REPORTS OF CASUALTIES

IN RAID OVER ENGLAND

[By Associated Press.]

LONDON, September 25.—Fifteen
persons were killed and seventy in-
jured in last night's raid over Lon-
don.

Reports from Yorkshire indicate that
Zeppelins which appeared early this
morning off the Lincolnshire and York-
shire coasts dropped bombs and aerial
torpedoes. The amount of damage has
not been ascertained. The signal that
all was clear was given at about 5
o'clock this morning.

The Zeppelins which crossed the
Yorkshire and Lincolnshire coasts did
not penetrate inland, being driven off
by gunfire. Three women were in-
jured.

Only two airplanes at the most pene-
trated the defenses of London last
night, it is reported officially.

The following official report was
given out by Lord French, commander
of the home defenses:

"Airplane raid. The latest reports
show that the group of raiders which
approached London was driven off by
the fire of anti-aircraft guns. Only one,
or at the most, two machines pene-
trated the defenses. The casualties in
all the raided districts reported by the
police up to the present are: Killed,
fifteen; injured, seventy. The material
damage was not great."

"Airship raid: Enemy airships crossed
the Yorkshire and Lincolnshire coasts
between midnight and 3 A. M. There
is no evidence of their having pene-
trated to any distance inland. They
were driven off by gunfire from vari-
ous defended localities which they at-
tempted to approach. Bombs were
dropped at one coast town, three wo-
men being slightly injured. Little
damage was caused."

Reports from a Kentish town say
that about 10 bombs were dropped in
last night's raid. According to a
telegram from an Essex coast town the
first intimation of the raid came about
7:30 o'clock, when anti-aircraft guns
opened fire and the dropping of the air-
plane motors could be heard. The
bombing over this town continued for
about two hours at intervals, but so
far as could be learned only three
bombs were dropped, and apparently
there was no great property damage.

DAILY MAIL IN EDITORIAL

CALLS FOR REPRISALS

[By Associated Press.]

LONDON, September 25.—The Daily
Mail, in an editorial commenting on
last night's air raid, calls for reprisals,
saying: "The British people would
view these attacks with entire indif-
ference if they knew that every one
of them was followed by an attack in
which twice the weight of bombs
dropped here was showered on Ger-
man towns. Let's hit the Germans;
hit them hard."

ARGENTINA HEARS
CLAMOR FOR WARDay's Efforts in West Bring Nothing
but Casualties to the German Forces

[By Associated Press.]

The army of Crown Prince Rup-
precht of Bavaria became active
again Tuesday, and made desperate
attempts to retake the ground
gained by the British last Thurs-
day near the Ypres-Menin road, in
Flanders. In the first assaults the
Germans succeeded in entering the
British lines at two points. Field
Marshal Haig's men fought back
valiantly, and, in addition to with-
standing further attacks by the
Germans, straightened out their line.
The day's efforts brought nothing
to the Germans but additional casu-
alties. Great artillery activity is
in progress in the sector east of
Ypres.

Northeast of Verdun the infantry
activity has slackened. After their
ineffectual efforts of Monday, the
Germans attacked the French near
the Bois-le-Chaume early Tuesday.
This attack, although aided by
liquid fire, also was repulsed.
Berlin claims to have taken

trenches here on Monday, and to
have held them against counterat-
tacks. On the Alsace front the ar-
tillery battle continues.

There has been no great activity
on the other fronts. In the Trentino,
in the region of Monte Nero, the
Austro-Hungarian forces exploded a
mine under the Italian positions,
but the Italian barrage fire pre-
vented the enemy from making any
gains. The Italians have repulsed
further local attacks on the In-
duno plateau, northeast of Gorizia.
German efforts to recapture the new
positions gained by the Russians
southeast of Riga on the Pskoff
high road have been checked by
the Russians.

Great Britain and France have
formally notified the provisional
Russian government that they
would not conclude a separate peace
to the detriment of Russia. These
assurances were in reply to reports
current in Russia that Germany was
endeavoring to make peace at the
expense of the new republic.

AUBREY BARRETT AGAIN
RESPIED BY GOVERNORExecution of Seventeen-Year-Old Boy
Is Now Set for Novem-
ber 23.

CONTEMPT TRIAL NOVEMBER 5

Judge Hundley, at Special Term of
Charlotte Circuit Court To-Day,
Issues Rules for Dr. Freeman, Mr.
Lancaster and Colored Editor.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.]

FARMVILLE, VA., September 25.—
There will be no trial of the Charlotte
County contempt cases to-morrow.
Richard Evelyn Byrd, of Roanoke, was
in Farmville all day to-day conferring
with Commonwealth's Attorney Thomas
E. Watkins, of Charlotte County, and
Judge Asa D. Watkins, of Prince Ed-
ward, and papers were prepared for
the prosecution.

A special term of the Charlotte
County Circuit Court will convene to-
morrow, at which rules will be issued
against the editor of the Richmond
News Leader; John Mitchell, colored,
of the Richmond Planet, and William
M. Lancaster, of Farmville, lawyer, all
charged with contempt of court.

The rules will be made returnable
to the first day of the regular term
of Charlotte Circuit Court, November
5. It was stated to-night that the pos-
tponement of the trial was granted by
Judge Hundley to allow the defense
as well as the prosecution, time to get
ready. It is announced that E. P. Bu-
ford, for many years Commonwealth's
attorney of Brunswick County, will be
associated with the attorneys for the
prosecution of the contempt proceed-
ings.

AUBREY BARRETT IS AGAIN

RESPIED BY GOVERNOR

Aubrey Barrett, colored, seventeen
years old, sentenced to be executed at
the State Penitentiary on September
30 for implication in the murder of W.
T. Roach, in Charlotte County, was
yesterday granted a respite by Gov-
ernor Stuart until November 23. This
stay of execution was allowed in order
to have the Supreme Court of Appeals
of Virginia finally pass on the case.

The Supreme Court recently declined
to grant a writ of error in this case on
the ground that the record was incom-
plete. On Monday, at Staunton, the
court declined to issue a writ of habeas
corpus on the ground that the case
was not pending before that body. It
was called to the attention of the Gov-
ernor that friends of the youth under
sentence contemplated further appeal
to the Supreme Court, and he allowed
the respite.

Charges of contempt against Dr.
Douglas S. Freeman, editor of the
News Leader, of Richmond; William
A. Lancaster, counsel for Barrett's
father, and John Mitchell, Jr., colored,
editor of the Richmond Planet, grew out
of this case.

CONTEMPT RULES

TO BE ISSUED TO-DAY

Judge George J. Hundley, of the
Charlotte County Circuit Court, where
the negroes were convicted for causing
the death of Roach, announced last
week his intention of citing Dr. Free-
man, Mr. Lancaster and Mitchell for
contempt. Dr. Freeman announced
that he would not accept informal ser-
vice, but would demand service of the
proper rule.

For the purpose of issuing rules
against the men he holds in contempt,
Judge Hundley will hold a special term
of his court at Charlotte Courthouse
to-day.

Dr. Freeman has declared that he
will demand that the court specify
definitely by what act he is held in
contempt. Editorial utterances on the
Barrett case written by Dr. Freeman
caused the charge of contempt. The
writer will, on advice of counsel, de-
mand that the court point out by what
word, phrase or sentence he gave
offense.

As soon as the rules are issued at
Charlotte Courthouse it is expected
that they will be formally served upon
the alleged offenders through the cus-
tomary legal channels. They will be
(Continued on Ninth Page.)

DEPUTIES FOLLOW
SENATE DECISION,
FAVORING BREAKPresident and Small Group
of Supporters Avoid
Final Word.BUT VOICE OF PEOPLE
WILL FORCE SUBMISSIONNation Solidly United for Ven-
geance on Empire That Be-
smirched Its Honor.

GERMAN INTRIGUE IS SEEN

Action Creates Little Surprise Among
Officials of State Department
at Washington.

BUENOS AIRES, September 25.—The
House of Deputies has voted in sup-
port of the Senate decision calling for
a diplomatic break with Germany.

The President of the republic, Senor
Irogyen, in whose hands now rests the
final decision, is faced by a nation
solidly united for vengeance upon the
empire that besmirched its honor. The
people of this republic are clamoring,
not only for a break, but for war, im-
mediate war. The man in the pre-
sidential chair, constitutionally a pacifist,
is still holding to his announced
theory that war should be avoided. A
small group of politicians supports
him; in some quarters where recent
American history has been closely fol-
lowed they are referred to as "the
wilfuls." Their influence is equal to
nil. The voice of the Argentine people
was spoken in both branches of
Parliament, the votes on the rupture
resolution being:

Senate, 23 to 1.

House, 53 to 18.

Nowhere is the slightest doubt en-
tertained that the public demand will
force prompt submission by the Presi-
dent. Even if war does not follow im-
mediately upon a break, tremendous
supplies will be released at once for
the allies.

CAPITAL MAY BE THROWN

INTO FAMINE BY SATURDAY

While the restless clamor for war
is making itself heard louder and
louder hourly, the country is combat-
ing the gravest labor troubles in its
history. The general railroad strike
threatens to throw this capital into
famine by Saturday. To-night there
were symptoms of the strike spread-
ing to the maritime workers.

The serpent of German intrigue is
clearly seen creeping through the vast
system of Argentine industries, whose
life and well-being are, to a great
extent, vital to the world. But dis-
covery of the foreign plotting hand is
but serving to solidify the nation in
its wrath. Instead of frightening the
people, it is spurring them on to re-
double clamor for the punishment, not
only of the power that has brought
on all these troubles, but of the men
at home who have listened to the
whisperings of intrigue and taken
lure to cripple their own country in
the hour of crisis.

The people of Argentina have read
for three years pitiful stories of hap-
piness plunged into the maelstrom of
war. They feel that no nation of
long-tried patience has received as
rough a treatment from fate as they
themselves. Their conviction, deep in
the hearts of man, woman and child,
has ripened a bitterness and determi-
nation that no pacifist President will
be able to check longer than a few
days. The House vote urging a break
came after a debate of twenty-four
hours, in which the handful of the
President's adherents again and again
tried to filibuster his resolution to
death. The speeches preceding the
vote will be immortal in Argentina's
history.

INVISIBLE PLOTTING HAND

SEEN